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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/762,884	01/22/2004	John R. Bochringer	BLS-100US	5451
23122 RATNERPRES	7590 09/05/2007 STIA	7	EXAMINER	
P O BOX 980			TYSON, MELANIE RUANO	
VALLEY FOR	GE, PA 19482-0980			
	,		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3731	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/05/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		T 2	
		Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Summary		10/762,884	BOEHRINGER ET AL.
		Examiner	Art Unit
	7	Melanie Tyson	3731
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cover sheet w	vith the correspondence address
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failur Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. In the sign of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUN 136(a). In no event, however, may a will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO e, cause the application to become A	ICATION. I reply be timely filed INTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status			
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25 M	<u>1ay 2007</u> .	
·		s action is non-final.	
•	Since this application is in condition for allowa closed in accordance with the practice under <i>E</i>		• •
Dispositi	on of Claims		•
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-18,27 and 28 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) 28 is/are withdrawn to Claim(s) is/are allowed.  Claim(s) 1-18 and 27 is/are rejected.  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	from consideration.	
Applicati	on Papers		
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on 22 January 2004 is/are Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 1.	e: a)⊠ accepted or b)☐ drawing(s) be held in abeya tion is required if the drawing	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
•	•	nammer. Hete the attack	, d 011100 / 101101 / 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
12) [ ] a)[	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Burea see the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in a prity documents have bee u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this National Stage
	ee the attached detailed Office action for a list	or the certified copies no	t received.
Attachmen		_	
2) Notic 3) Information	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date <u>5/25/07</u> .	Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) b(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's election **without traverse** of Group I with Species A in the reply filed on 25 May 2007 is acknowledged. Claim 28 is withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected species, there being no allowable generic or linking claim.

# Specification

2. Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 150 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the printer is limited. The form and legal phraseology often used in patent claims, such as "means" and "said," should be avoided. The abstract should describe the disclosure sufficiently to assist readers in deciding whether there is a need for consulting the full patent text for details.

The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc.

The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because it contains legal phraseology ("comprises" in lines 3 and 6). Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

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Claims 2 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. A single claim which claims both an apparatus and the method steps of using the apparatus is indefinite under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. It is unclear as to what the limitation "at least one of" refers to. Appropriate correction is required.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

4. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claims 2 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. The claim is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 based on the theory that the claim is directed to neither a "process" nor a "machine," but rather embraces or overlaps two different statutory classes of invention set forth in 35 U.S.C. 101, which is drafted so as to set forth the statutory classes of invention in the alternative only. See MPEP 2173.05(p).

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

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A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-7, 16-18, and 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Cosmetto et al. (5,127,412). Cosmetto discloses a device for aiding in the closure of a wound (see entire document) comprising an external member (body 30) having spaced apart apertures (35), an internal member (shaft 40) rotatably coupled to the external member (30) having spaced apart receivers (apertures 41) in line with the apertures of the external member (body 30), a suture (15) passed through the receivers (41), means for preventing the shaft from rotating in a direction opposite the first direction (45), and a means for applying a rotational force to an end of the shaft to rotate the shaft with respect to the body (12), wherein the device is capable of being placed within a wound of a human or animal if one desires to do so.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.

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4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 8-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cosmetto et al.

Regarding claims 8-12, Cosmetto fails to disclose a coil spring. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize a coil spring as the means for preventing the shaft from rotating in an opposite direction in the device of Cosmetto as a matter of design choice, since such mechanisms are well known in the art (for example, see Westcott's patent 6,120,525; describes a coil spring for driving the winding action).

Regarding claims 13-15, Cosmetto fails to disclose a coupling for providing a vacuum. However, Applicant discloses that it is well known in the art to utilize drain tubes in open wounds (page 2). Applicant further discloses that a vacuum port is optional and that it is possible to utilize drain tubes adjacent the claimed device, in which case ports and coupling devices are not necessary (page 8). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the device of Cosmetto with a coupling for a drainage tube to extract exudates from the wound, since constructing various elements into an integral structure involves only routine skill in the art.

# Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Melanie Tyson whose telephone number is (571) 272-9062. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday 8:30-7.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jackie Ho can be reached on (571) 272-4696. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Melanie Tyson //T August 28, 2007

> (JACKIE) TAN-UYEN HO SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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